## Understanding and optimizing the electronic properties of Cul p-type transparent semiconductors

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Copper iodide in the zincblende phase is a naturally p-type transparent semiconductor with record hole conductivity. A key step to enable applications of this promising material, e.g., for transparent electronics is the possibility to control and optimize its electronic properties. In this presentation I will discuss the effects of defects [1,2], doping [2] and alloying [3], as well as the properties of different Cul phases [4] and stoichiometries [1].

Our work relies on first-principles density functional theory and accurate thermodynamic analysis, as well as on the development of efficient high-throughput computational workflows. I will show that the calculations performed up to now lead already to a better understanding of Cul materials properties and provide specific suggestions on how to enhance p-type conductivity by doping and alloying.

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