

UNIVERSITÄT LEIPZIG



Faculty of Life Sciences / Institute of Biochemistry

## **Glyphosate-Quick-Test**

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#### **IDEA**

Fast and inexpensive on-site analysis for anthropogenic trace substances in water and food

## **PROOF OF CONCEPT**

Highly specific detection of glyphosate in aqueous solutions in the range of 100 pM (meets legal pesticide limits in drinking water of 0.1  $\mu$ g/l)

**NEXT STEPS** 

Extension of technology to other analytes, such as hormonally active substances and antibiotics

& Validation of measurements



#### PROBLEM

- Current methods cannot be performed on-site but only in laboratories
- (e.g.: ELISA, MS or HPLC) Current methods are costintensive
- Current methods are time consuming



#### Figure:

Schematic detection principle with functionalized hydrogel microparticle and chip surface

"This measure is co-financed by tax revenue on the basis of the budget adopted by the members of the Saxon state parliament."

# IP DE 10 2018 130 134.0

**TECHNOLOGY-OFFER** 

#### **TECHNOLOGY / SOLUTION**

- The surface of hydrogel 1. microparticles is modified with glyphosate.
- 2. The transparent chip surface is modified with the natural binding partner, the enzyme EPSPS (enzyme inhibited by glyphosate).
- 3. Glyphosate molecules in the (aqueous) solution bind concentration-dependent and highly selective to the chip surface in competition to the modified hydrogel microparticles.
- 4. Depending on the glyphosate concentration in the solution, the contact areas of the hydrogel microparticles on the chip surface vary in size. This enables a highly sensitive optical determination of the analyte concentration (glyphosate).

#### **ADVANTAGES**

- Determination is possible directly on-site, because of small and mobile setup
- Easy handling
- Very fast measurement
- Highly sensitive (adjustable up to pM measuring ranges)
- Highly selective due to biospecific binding (no signal influence by other substances)
- Inexpensive due to simple optical readout method
- Non-toxic and inexpensive consumables

### **DETECTION LIMIT / SELECTIVITY**

- First measurements show a detection limit in aqueous buffers in the range 100 pM / 0.1 µg/L (see figure).
- The measuring principle is selective for glyphosate even against various pesticides and structurally similar substances (e.g. glufosinate, AMPA)

#### **REFERENCES / LITERATURE**

Pussak et al. Angew. Chem. Int. (2013) Rettke et. al. (2020)

#### "Diese Maßnahme wird mitfinanziert durch Steuermittel auf der Grundlage des von den Abgeordneten des Sächsischen Landtages beschlossenen Haushaltes."





## Figure:

Example of detection sensitivity of glyphosate in aqueous solution

#### **PATENT STATUS**

Patent pending DE 10 2018 130 134.0

#### **COOPERATION POSSIBILITIES**

R&D cooperation Licensing Contractual agreements for use Transfer of property rights

#### **NEXT STEPS**

Development Demonstrator Product development / validation Application extension

#### **FUNDING**

The development is currently being further developed as part of a project with IfU GmbH, Anvajo GmbH with support from the ERDF and the Free State of Saxony.

Europa fördert Sachsen

### CONTACT

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