

Ferromagnets: domains and anisotropy



coercive field, Bloch and Néel domain walls

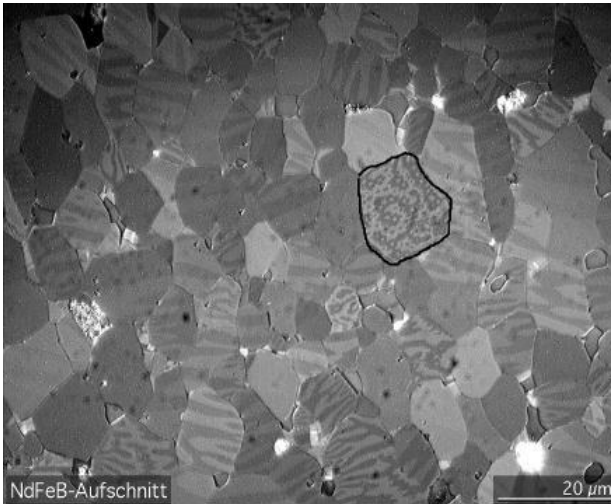


ferromagnetic resonance spectroscopy



ferromagnetic materials

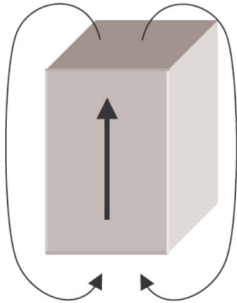




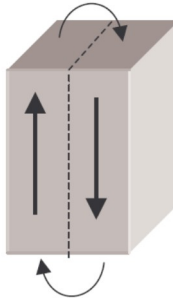
Nd-Fe-B
magnet

Light and dark regions within each grain are magnetic domains

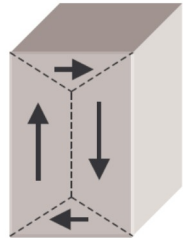
single domain



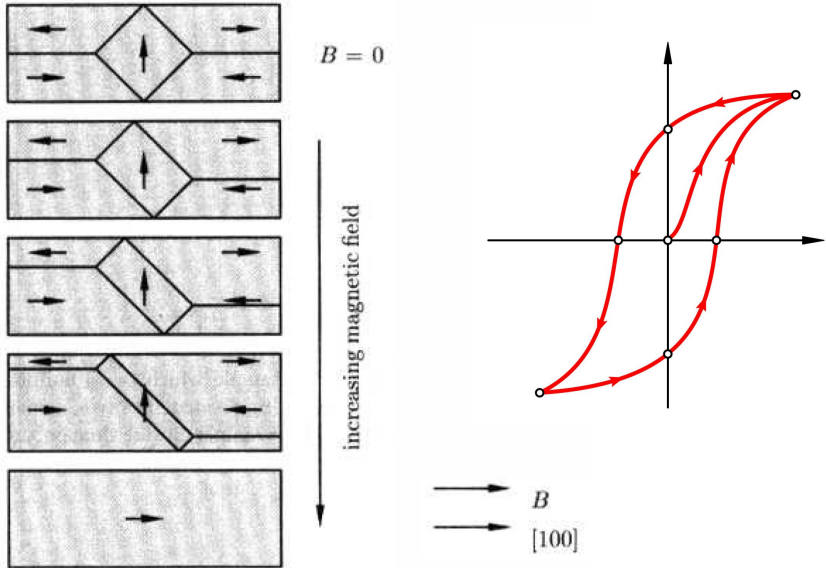
180° domains

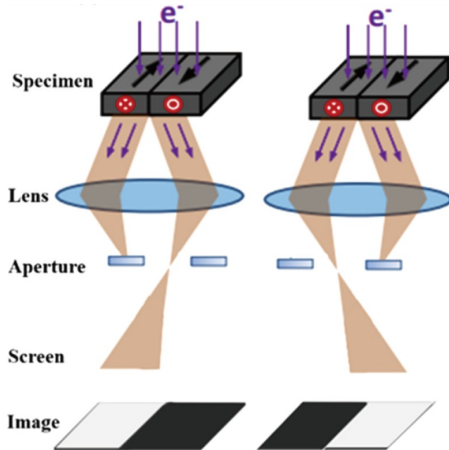


90° domains

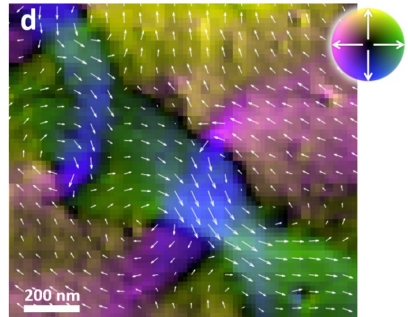


Domains serve to minimize magnetostatic energy





Electrons influenced
by the Lorentz force



MFM = magnetic force microscopy

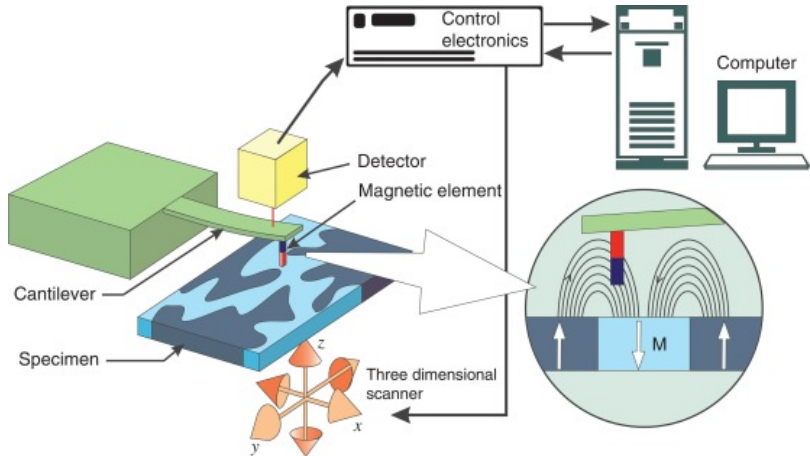


Image credit: Encyclopedia of Spectroscopy and Spectrometry

Optical detection (MOKE)

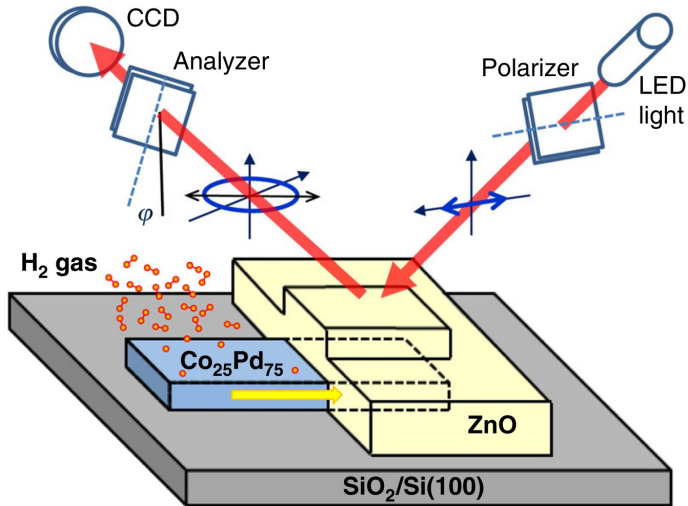
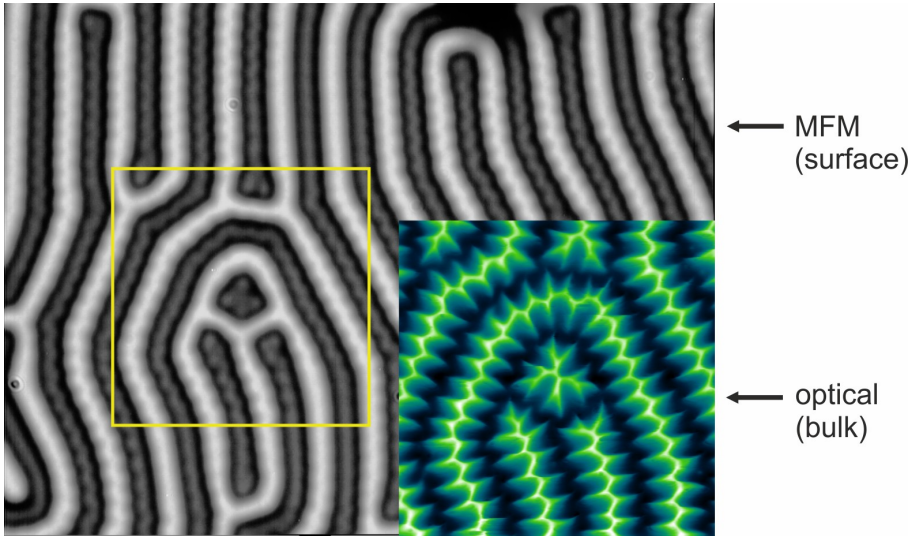
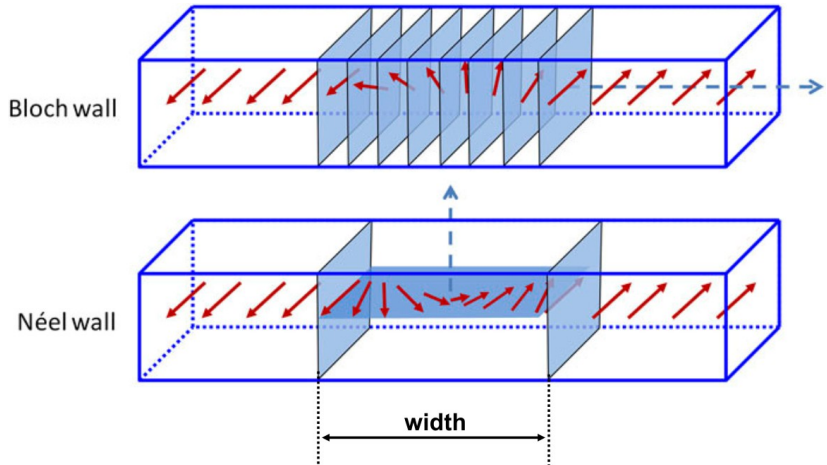
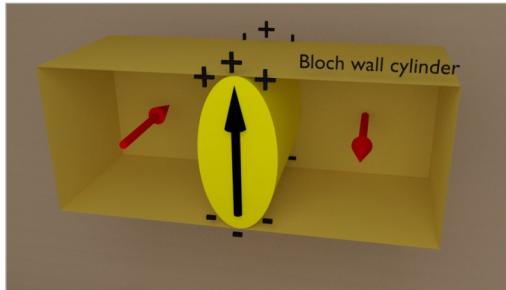


Image credit: Comm. Chem. 2, 89 (2019)



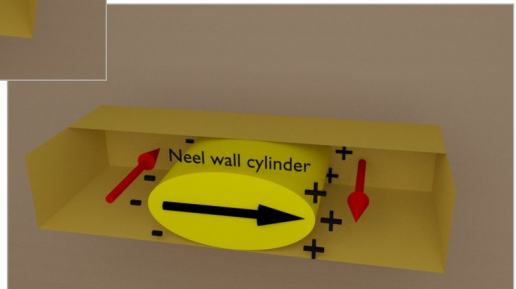


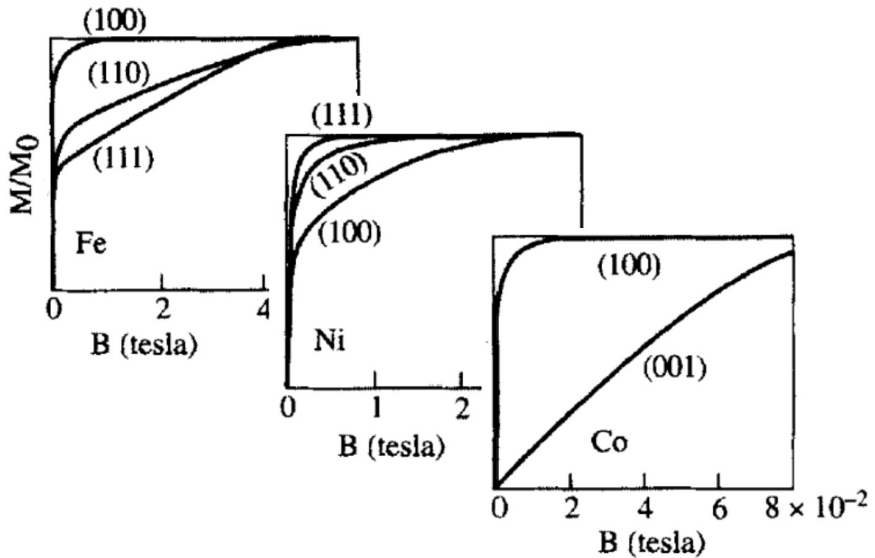
Width of the domain wall $N \sim \sqrt{J/K}$
 (J – exchange, K – anisotropy)



more stable in bulk

more stable in thin films







Material / Technology

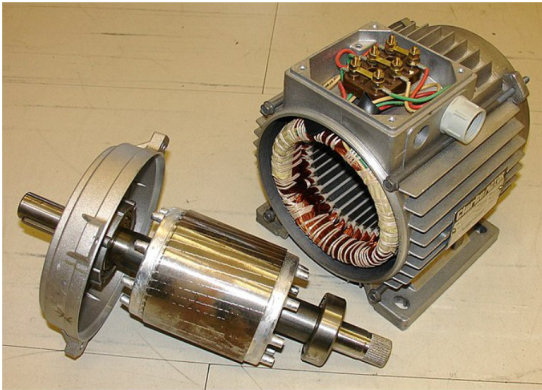
ferromagnetic materials



DC-field: magnetic cranes

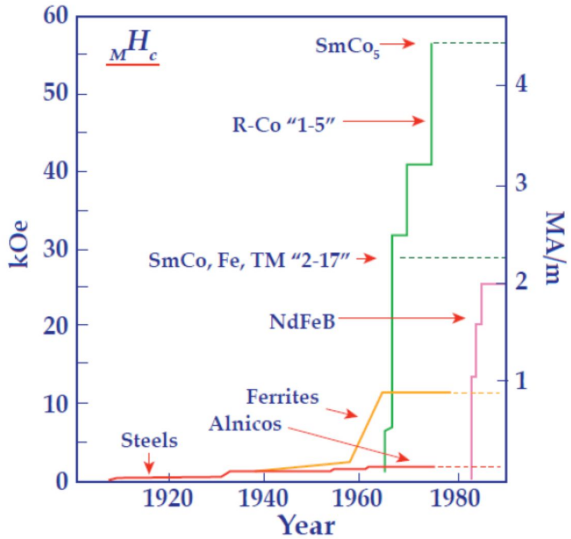
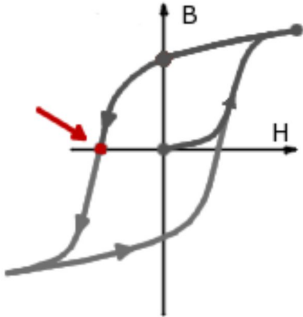
AC-fields: electrical transformers,
relays, and such

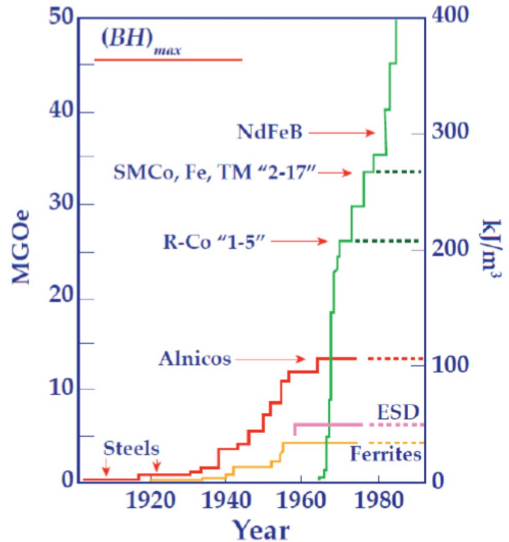
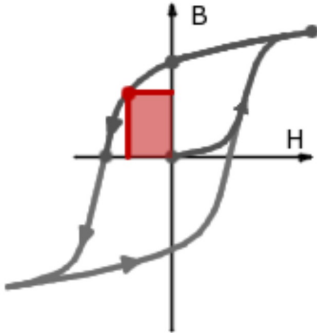
iron and Fe-based alloys

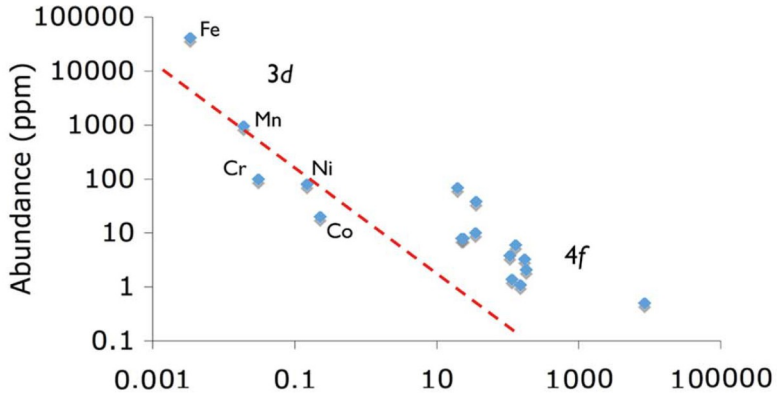


Motors, microphones, magnetic tapes and other data storage

Ferrites and 4f materials (SmCo_5 , $\text{Nd}_2\text{Fe}_{14}\text{B}$)







Cost Periodic Table

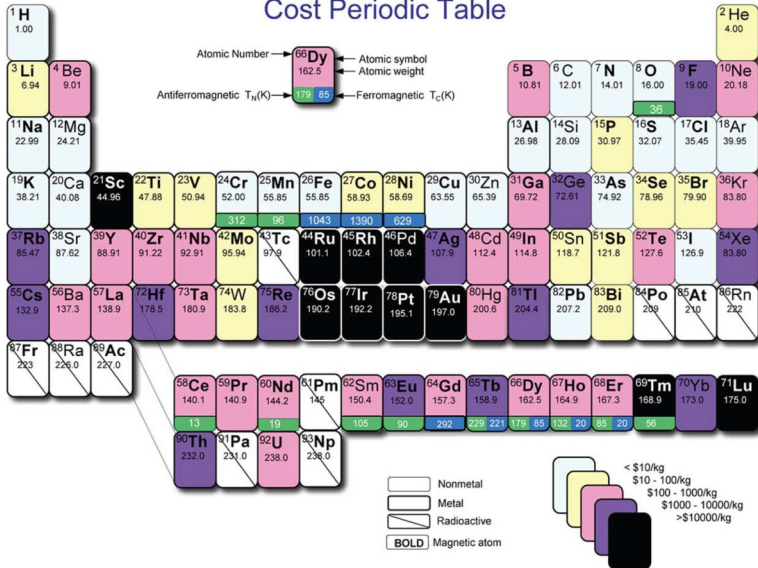




Image credit: J. Thurmon (CC-BY-SA)

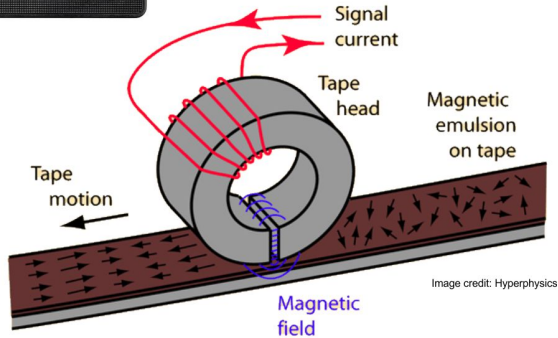
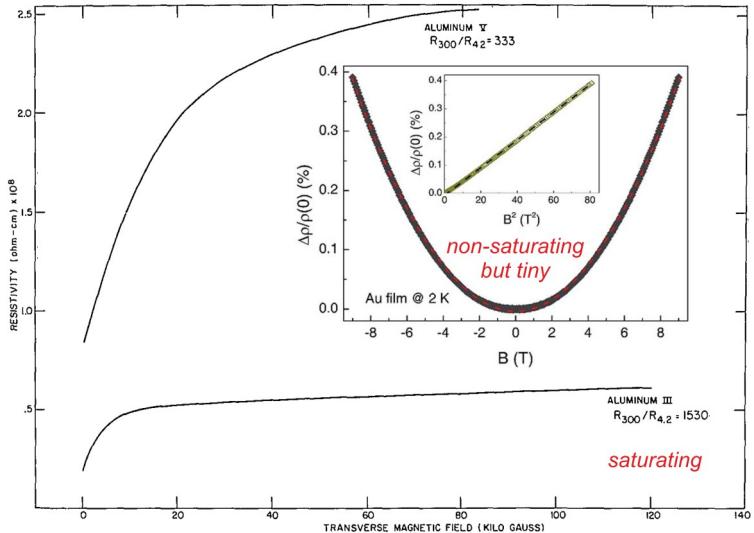
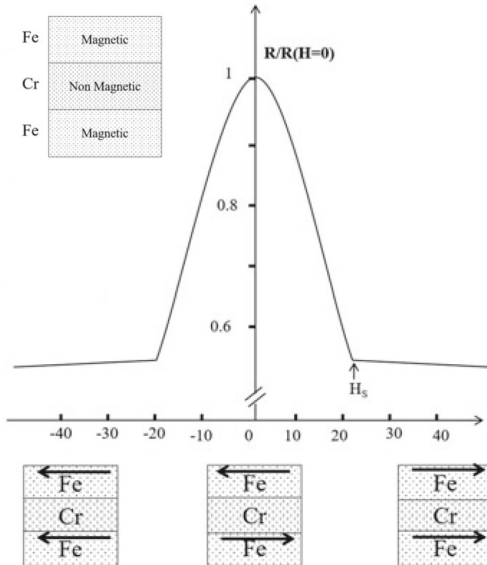


Image credit: Hyperphysics

Magnetoresistance: simple metals



Giant magnetoresistance (GMR)



Albert
Fert

born 1938



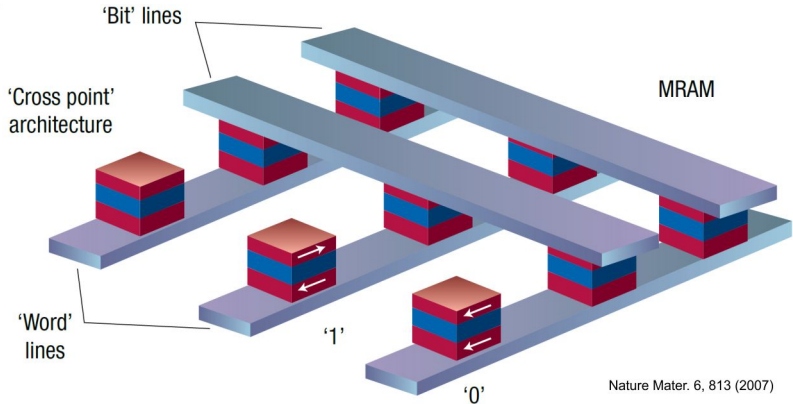
Peter
Grünberg

born 1939



Nobel prize in physics 2007

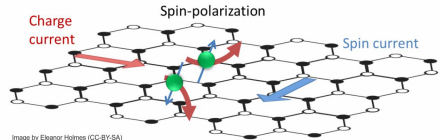
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readout: magnetoresistance

writing: spin Hall effect

problems: stray fields, heating





Experiment

ferromagnetic resonance spectroscopy

Resonance spectroscopy

