

BCS and conventional superconductivity



BCS coherence length, pair-breaking current



tunneling experiments



magnesium diboride (MgB_2)

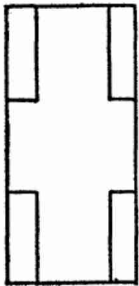




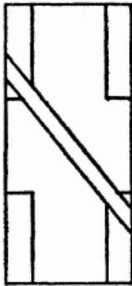
Experiment

tunneling spectroscopy

Tunneling experiments



Glass substrate
with In contacts



Al strip

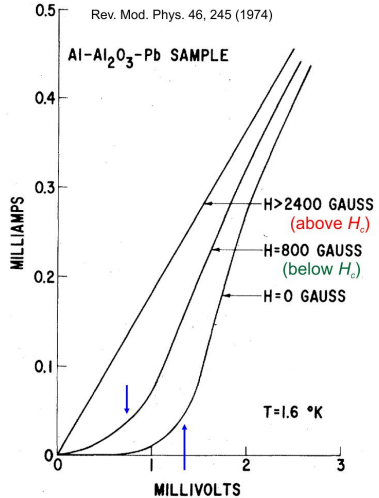
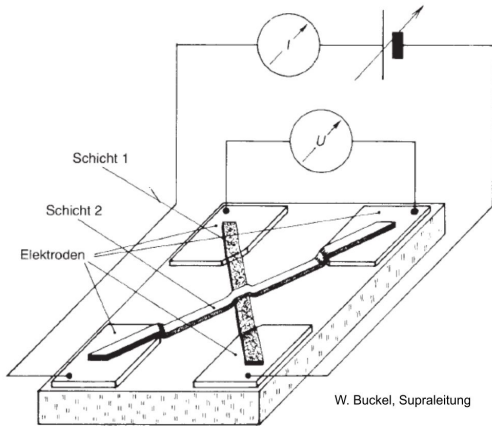


Al strip oxidized
(Al_2O_3 surface layer)



Pb strip forms
the tunneling contact

Tunneling: superconductor to normal metal



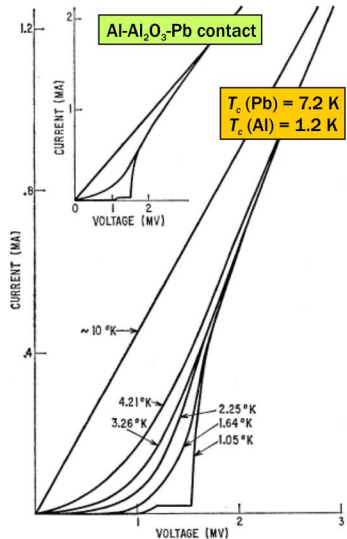
Superconducting gap is extracted from the current-voltage characteristic

Tunneling: superconductor to superconductor

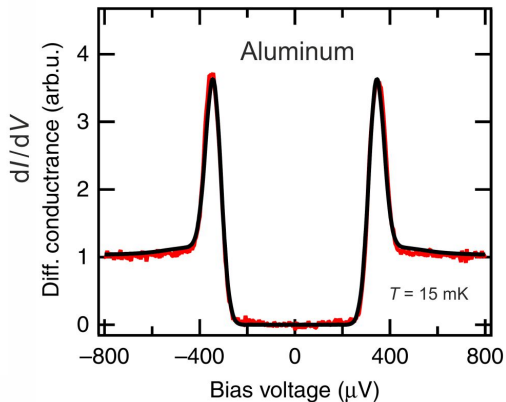
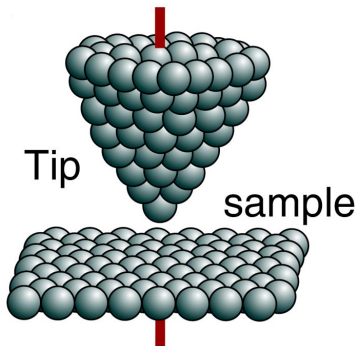


Ivar Giæver
born 1929

first tunneling experiments
in early 1960's



Scanning tunneling spectroscopy (STS)



STS is the best (yet local!) probe of the low-energy DOS

Superconductors now come in more flavors
than Baskin-Robbins ice-cream...

Leon Cooper, 50 years of BCS

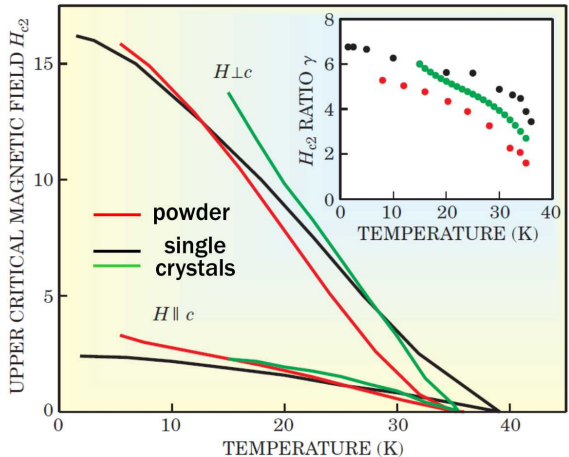
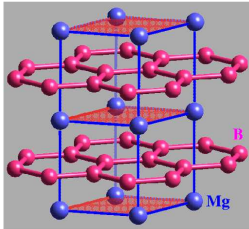
Element	T_c in Kelvin	Superconducting gap: $2\Delta_0/k_B T_c$		
		tunnelling experiments	ultrasonic experiments	light absorption
Sn	3,72	$3,5 \pm 0,1$ (1,15)	–	3,5
In	3,4	$3,5 \pm 0,1$ (1,05)	$3,5 \pm 0,2$	$3,9 \pm 0,3$
Tl	2,39	$3,6 \pm 0,1$ (0,75)	–	–
Ta	4,29	$3,5 \pm 0,1$ (1,30)	$3,5 \pm 0,1$	3,0
Nb	9,2	3,6 (2,90)	$4,0 \pm 0,1$	$2,8 \pm 0,3$
Hg	4,15	$4,6 \pm 0,1$ (1,65)	–	$4,6 \pm 0,2$
Pb	7,2	$4,3 \pm 0,05$ (2,70)		$4,4 \pm 0,1$



Material / Technology

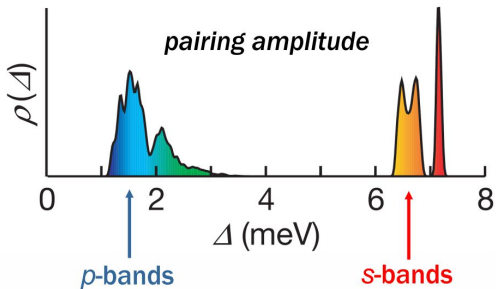
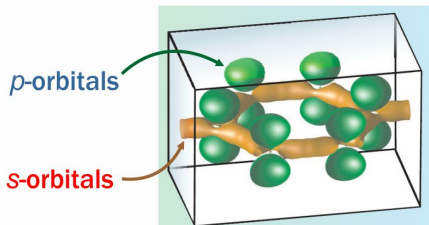
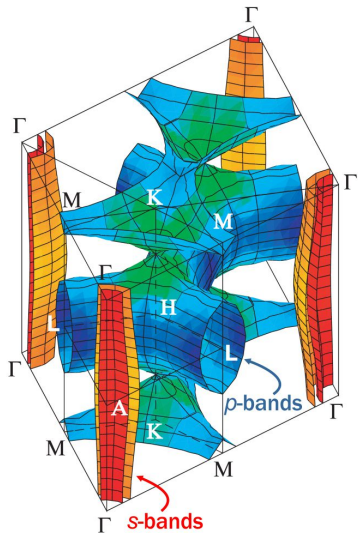
magnesium diboride

Genie from the bottle: MgB_2

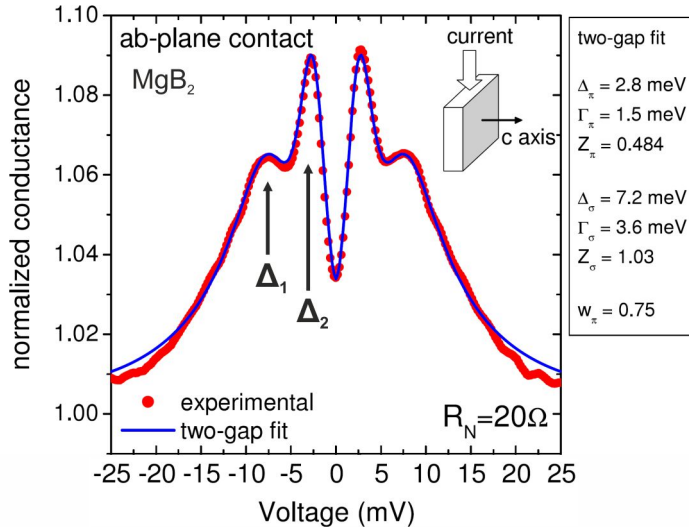


- ▶ Discovered in 2001; simple and widely available; $T_c = 32 \div 39$ K
- ▶ Strong anisotropy, moderate critical fields (can be improved by suitable processing)

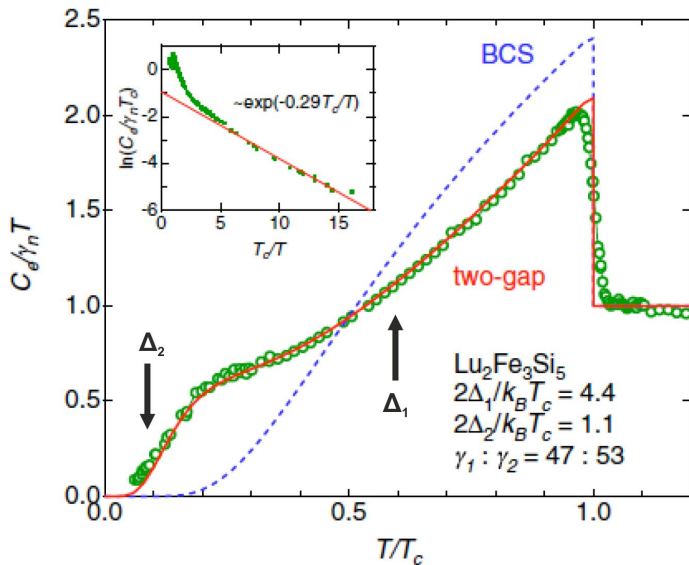
New mechanism: two-gap superconductivity

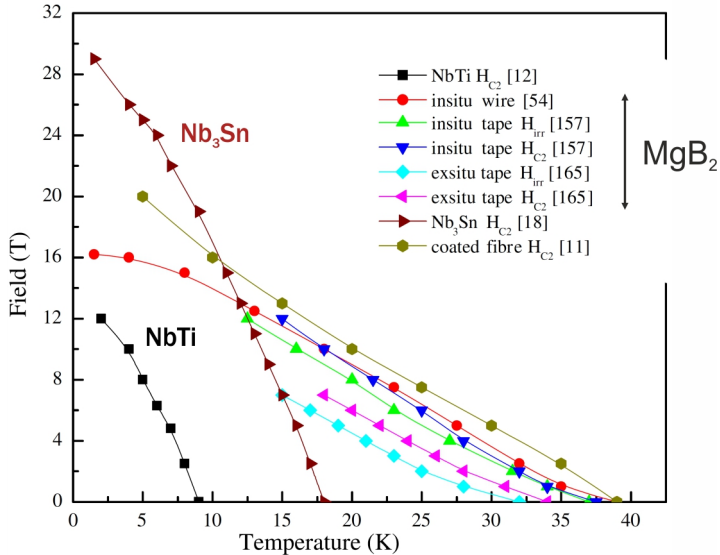


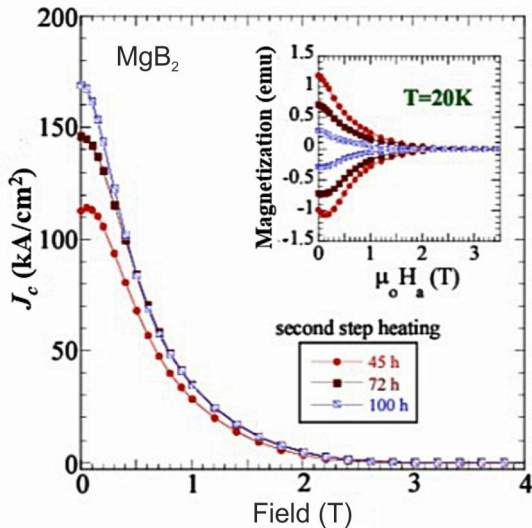
Two gaps in the tunneling



Two gaps in the specific heat

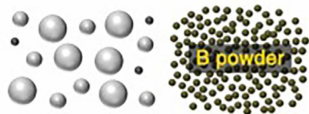






Drastic reduction
with the field

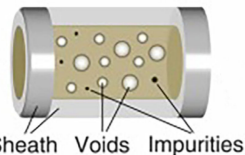
Inefficient pinning

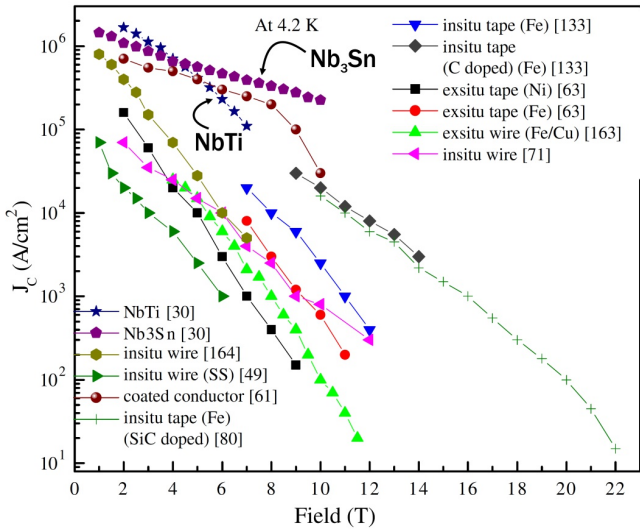


Large-size and high-purity
Mg powder

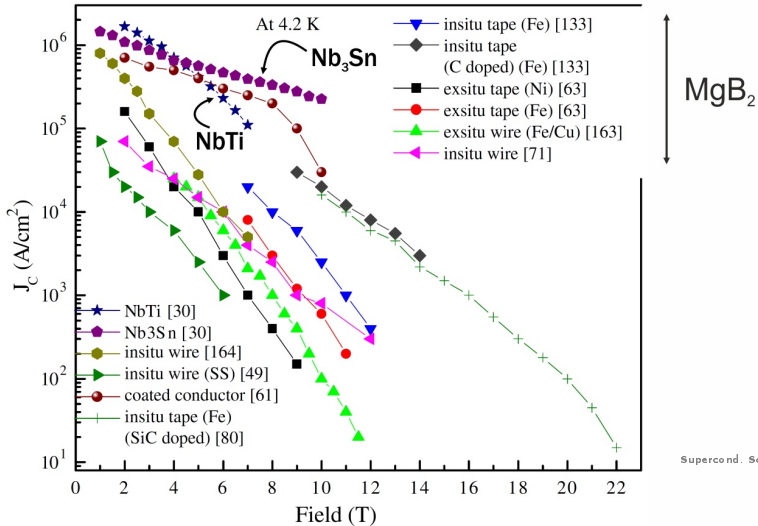


Cores of sintered MgB₂ wires





Supercond. Sci. Technol. 20, R1 (2007)



Supercond. Sci. Technol. 20, R1 (2007)

You can't use MgB₂ to build a superconducting magnet...